

CHINESE LANGUAGE CLASS FOR BEGINNERS (II)

WORD LIST

Lesson 1

New word	Pinyin	Part of speech	Meaning	Sentences
你	n ǐ	pron.	(singular) you	你好 Hello 您好 Hello
您	n ǐ n	pron.	(polite) you	
好	h ǎ o	adj.	good, fine	
她	tā	pron.	she	她是谁？ Who is she?
是	shì	v.	To be.	
谁	shuí/sheí	pron.	Who , whom	
他	tā	pron.	he	他是你的同学/朋友 吗？ Is he your classmate/friend?
的	de	Part.	Used after an attribute	
同学	tóng xué	n.	classmate	
朋友	péng you	n.	friend	
吗	ma	Part.	Used at the end of a question	不是，他是我的表哥。 No, he isn't. He is my cousin.
不	bù	adv.	No, not	
我	w ō	pron.	I, me	
表哥	bi ǎ o gē	n.	Cousin	
汉语	hàn y ŭ	n.	Chinese (language)	
老师	l ǎ o shī	n.	teacher	

Lesson 2

爸	bà	n.	Dady, father	爸妈Parents 你爸妈身体好吗？ How are your parents?
妈	mā	n.	Mamy, mather	
身体	shēn t ǐ	n.	Body	
他们	tā men	Pron.	they	他们身体很好。 They are in good health.
很	hě n	adv.	very	
工作	gōng zuò	n./v.	work	他们工作忙吗？ Are they busy with their work
忙	máng	adj.	busy	
都	dōu	adv.	both, all	他们都很忙。 They are both busy.
有	y ǒ u	v.	have	你有几个孩子？ How many kids do you have?
几	j ǐ	pron.	How many	
个	gè	m. (a measure word)		
孩子	hái zi	n.	Child,kid	
两	li ǎ ng	num.	two	我有两个孩子。 I have two kids.
女儿	n ŭ ér	n.	daughter	你女儿多大了？

多大	duō dà	pron	How old	How old is your daughter?
三	sān	num.	three	我女儿三岁了。 My daughter is three years old.
岁	suì	m.	years (of age)	
了	le	part.	Used at the end of or in the middle of a sentence to indicate a change or a new circumstance.	

Lesson 3

会	huì	mod.	can, to be able to	你会做中国菜吗？ Can you cook Chinese food?
做	zuò	v.	to make, to produce	
中国	zhōng guó	n.	China	我不会做中国菜。 No, I can't.
菜	cài	n.	dish, cuisine	
只	zhǐ	part.	only	我只会说一点儿中文。 I can only speak a little Chinese.
说	shuō	v.	Speak, say	
一点儿	yī diǎn er	n.	a little	我能坐这吗？ May I sit here?
能	néng	mod.	can, may	
坐	zuò	v.	sit	
这	zhè	pron.	here	可以，请坐。 Sure. Please sit down.
可以	kě yǐ	mod.	may	
请	qǐng	v.	please	我可以借这本书吗？ May I borrow this book?
借	jiè	v.	borrow	
本	běn	m.	copy (measure books)	
书	shū	n.	book	不可以，已经有人借了。 No, you can't. Someone has already borrowed it.
已经	yǐ jīng	adv.	already	
有人	yǒu rén	pron.	Someone, somebody	

Lesson 4

月	yuè	n.	month	三月
年	nián	n.	year	2020年
日	rì	n.	day	星期日
问	wèn	v.	to ask, to inquire	请问今天几号？ Excuse me, what's the date today.
今天	jīn tiān	n.	today	
号	hào	n.	Number(for date of month)	今天九月一号。 It's September 1 st .
九	jiǔ	num.	nine	
星期	xīng qī	n.	week	今天星期几？

				What day is it today? 今天星期三。 It's Wednesday.
六	liù	num.	six	今天星期六。 Today is Saturday.
去	qù	v.	to go	你去学校吗？ Will go to school? 我去学校。 Yes, I will.
学校	xué xiào	n.	school	
什么	shén me	pron.	what	你去学校做什么？ What are you going to do there?
看	kàn	v.	to look at, to watch, to read	我去学校看书。 I'm going there to do some reading.

Lesson 5

再	zài	adv.	again	请再说一遍。 Please say it again.
谢	xiè	v.	thank	谢谢。Thank you.
客气	kè qì	v.	polite, modest, courteous	不客气。You are welcome.
对不起	duì bu qǐ		I am sorry.	
没关系	méi guān xi		It's ok.	
不好意思	bù hǎo yì si		Excuse me.	
你们	nǐ men	pron.	you (plural)	你们想喝什么？ What would you like to drink?
想	xiǎng	mod.	to want, would like	
喝	hē	v.	to drink	我们想喝茶。 We'd like some tea.
我们	wǒ men	pron.	we	
茶	chá	n.	tea	你想吃什么？ What would you like to eat? 我想吃炒饭。 I'd like fried rice.
吃	chī	v.	eat	
炒饭	chǎofàn	n.	fried rice	
下午	xiàwǔ	n.	afternoon	下午你想做什么？ What would you like to do this afternoon?
商店	shāngdiàn	n.	shop. store	我想去商店。 I would like to go shopping.
要	yào	mod.	to want	你要买什么？ What do you want to buy?
买	mǎi	v.	to buy	
杯子	bēizi	n.	cup	我要买一个杯子。 I want to buy a cup.

Lesson 6

上午	shàng w ŭ	n.	morning	
中午	Zhōng w ŭ	n.	noon	
下午	xià w ŭ	n.		
早上	z ǎ o shàng	n.	early morning	
晚上	w ǎ n shàng	n.	evening	
安	ān	adj.	calm, quiet, safe	早安, 午安, 晚安
小	Xi ǎ o	adj.	little	小猫在哪儿?
猫	māo	n.	cat, kitty	Where is the kitty?
在	zài	v.	to be in/on/at	
哪儿	n ǎ ér	pron.	where	
桌子	zhuō zi	n.	table	小猫在桌子上。
上	shàng	n.	on, up, above	The kitty is on the table.
狗	g ō u	n.	dog, puppy	小狗在桌子底下。
底下	d ǐ xia	n.	under, below	The dog is under the table.
儿子	ér zi	n.	son	你儿子在哪儿工作?
医院	yī yuan	n.	hospital	Where does your son work?
医生	yī shēng	n.	doctor	他在医院工作。他是医生。 He works in a hospital. He is a doctor.

Lesson 7

昨天	Zuó tiān	n.	yesterday	昨天北京的天气怎么样?
北京	Běi jīng	n.	Beijing	How was the weather in
天气	tiān qì	n.	weather	Beijing yesterday?
怎么样	zěn me yàng	pron.	How (indicating nature, condition or manner)	
太	tài	adv.	too	太热了。
热	rè	adj.	hot	Too hot.
明天	míng tiān	n.	tomorrow	明天呢?
呢	ne	part.	Used at the end of a question	What about tomorrow?
冷	lěng	adj.	cold	明天天气很好, 不冷不热。 Tomorrow will be fine, neither cold nor hot.
下雨	xià y ŭ	v.	rain	今天会下雨吗? Will it rain today?
小姐	xi ǎ o jiě	n.	Miss, yang lady	王小姐今天会来吗?
来	lái	v.	to come	Will Miss Wang come today?

Lesoon 8

现在	xiàn zài	n.	now	现在几点？
点	diǎn	n.	point or dot	What time is it now?
分	fēn	n.	Minute	五点四十二分。 Five forty two.
喂	Wèi	int.	Hello, hey	喂，你在做什么？ Hello, what are you doing?
也	yě	adv.	also, too	大卫也在看书吗？ Is David reading too?
学	xué	v.	to study, to learn.	他没看书，他在学做中国菜呢。 No, he isn't. He is learning to cook Chinese food.
睡觉	shuì jiào	v.	to sleep	我在睡觉呢。 I was sleeping.
家	jiā	n.	family, home	我在家看电视呢。 I was watching TV at home.
电视	diàn shì	n.	television	
喜欢	xǐ huan	v.	to like, to be fond of	我喜欢看电影。 I like seeing movie.
电影	diàn yǐng	n.	film, movie	

Lesson 9

百	bǎi	num.	hundred	一百，两百，三百
千	qiān	num.	thousand	一千，两千，三千
万	wàn	num.	ten thousand	一万，两万，三万
东西	dōng xī	n.	thing, stuff	我去买东西了。 I went shopping.
苹果	píng guǒ	n.	apple	我买了一点儿苹果。 I bought some apples.
看见	kàn jiàn	v.	to see	你看见张先生了吗？ Have you seen Mr. Zhang?
先生	xiān sheng	n.	Mr. /sir	看见了，他去学开车了。 Yes. He has gone to a driving lesson.
开	kāi	v.	to drive	
车	chē	n.	car / vehicle	
时候	shí hou	n.	time, moment	他什么时候能回来？ When can he come back?
回来	huí lái	v.	to come back	40分钟后回来。 After 40 minutes.
分钟	fēn zhōng	n.	minute	
后	hòu	n.	After, afterwards, later	

Lesson 10

父亲	fù qīn	n.	father	
母亲	mǔ qīn	n.	mother	
哥哥	gē ge	n.	Older brother	
妹妹	mèi mei	n.	Younger sister	
姐姐	jiě jie	n.	Older sister	
弟弟	dì di	n.	Younger brother	
夫妻	fū qī	n.	couple	
兄	Xiōng	n.	Older brother	
兄弟姐妹	Xiōng dì jiě mèi	n.	sibling	
外公	wài gōng	n.	grandfather, grandpa (mother's father)	
外婆	wài pó	n.	grandmother, grandma (mother's mother)	
爷爷	yé ye	n.	grandfather, grandpa (father's father)	
奶奶	nǎi nai	n.	grandmother, grandma (father's mother)	
舅舅	jiù jiù	n.	uncle (mother's brother)	
舅妈	jiù mā	n.	aunt (mother's sister in-law)	
伯父	bó fù	n.	uncle (father's older brother)	
伯母	bó mǔ	n.	aunt (father's sister in-law)	
叔父	shū fù	n.	uncle (father's younger brother)	
婶母	shěn mǔ	n.	aunt (father's sister in-law)	
姨妈	yí mā	n.	aunt (mother's sister)	
姨父	yí fu	n.	uncle (mother's brother in-law)	
姑妈	gū mā	n.	aunt (father's sister)	
姑父	gū fù	n.	uncle (father's brother in-law)	
认识	rèn shi	v.	to meet, to know	
大学	dà xué	n.	college, university	我们是在学校认识的。她是我大学同学。 We met in our university. She is my classmate.
怎么	zěn me	pron.	How	你们是怎么来饭店的？
饭店	fàn diàn	n.	restaurant	How did you come to the restaurant?
出租车	chū zū chē	n.	Taxi	我们是坐出租车来的。 We came by taxi